

### SAUDI BOARD RESIDENCY TRAINING PROGRAM

#### **ANESTHESIA**

# **Promotion Examination**

#### **Written Examination Format:**

- A written examination shall consist of one paper with not less than 100 MCQs with a single best answer (one correct answer out of four options). Up to 10% unscored items can be added for pretesting purposes.
- The examination shall contain type K2 questions (interpretation, analysis, reasoning and decision making) and type K1 questions (recall and comprehension).
- The examination shall include basic concepts and clinical topics relevant to the specialty.
- Clinical presentation questions include history, clinical finding and patient
  approach. Diagnosis and investigation questions; include the possible diagnosis
  and diagnostic methods. Management questions; including treatment and clinical
  management, either therapeutic or nontherapeutic, and complications of
  management. Materials and Instruments questions; including material properties,
  usage, and selection of instruments and equipment used. Health maintenance
  questions; include health promotion, disease prevention, risk factors assessment,
  and prognosis.



# **Passing Score:**

The trainee's performance is assessed in each of the evaluation formulas according to the following scoring system:

Score	Less than 50%	50% – 59.4%	60% - 69.4%	More than 70%
Description	Clear Fail	Borderline Fail	Borderline Pass	Clear Pass

- 1. To upgrade the trainee from a training level to the next level, she/he must obtain at least a Borderline Pass in each evaluation form.
- 2. The program director may recommend to the local supervision committee to request the promotion of the trainee who did not meet the previous promotion requirement according to the following:
  - A. In case that the trainee gets a **Borderline Fail** result in one of the evaluation forms, the remaining evaluation forms must be passed with **Clear Pass** in at least one of them.
  - B. In case that the trainee gets a **Borderline Fail** result in two of the evaluation forms to a maximum, provided they do not fall under the same theme (Knowledge, Attitude, Skills). The remaining evaluation forms must be passed with **Clear Pass** in at least two of them.
  - C. The promotion must be approved in this case by the scientific council for the specialization.



## **Blueprint Outlines:**

No.	Section	Percentage
1	Basic Sciences	20%
2	Clinical Sciences and Subspecialties in Anesthesia <sup>1</sup>	25%
3	Perioperative Medicine <sup>2</sup>	20%
4	Special Issues in Anesthesia <sup>3</sup>	10%
5	Regional Anesthesia, Anatomy and Pain Medicine <sup>4</sup>	10%
6	Critical Care, Resuscitation and Crisis Management	10%
7	Quality and Safety in Anesthesia <sup>5</sup>	5%
	Total	100%

- <sup>1</sup>Clinical Sciences and Subspecialties in Anesthesia: includes obstetric, pediatrics, thoracic, cardiovascular, neuro, ophthalmic, ENT, maxillofacial, ambulatory and non-operating room anesthesia (NORA), geriatric, burn, trauma, and core anesthesia practices.
- <sup>2</sup>Perioperative Medicine: includes cardiorespiratory medicine, GI, renal, hematology, multidisciplinary care, risk stratification, postoperative care and surgical and anesthesia complications.
- <sup>3</sup>Special Issues in Anesthesia: includes malignant hyperthermia, TURP, airway, musculoskeletal diseases, pheochromocytoma and intraoperative positioning.
- 4Regional Anesthesia, Anatomy and Pain Medicine: includes regional, neuraxial, trunk, upper and lower limbs, and acute and chronic pain medicine.
- <sup>5</sup>Quality and Safety in Anesthesia: includes national standards in anesthesia -CBAHI (ESR), infection control and OR management.

# Notes:

- Blueprint distributions of the examination may differ up to +/-5% in each category.
- Percentages and content are subject to change at any time. See the SCFHS website for the most up-to-date information.
- Research, Ethics, Professionalism, and Patient Safety are incorporated within various domains.



## **Suggested References:**

- 1. Michael Gropper, 2019. Miller's Anesthesia, 9th Edition. Elsevier.
- 2. Paul Barash, 2017. Clinical Anesthesia, 8th Edition. LWW.

#### **CLASS (B) TEXTBOOKS:**

- 1. Fun-Sun F. Yao, 2020. Yao & Artusio's Anesthesiology: Problem-Oriented Patient Management, 9th edition. Wolters Kluwer Health.
- 2. Roberta Hines and Stephanie Jones, 2021. Stoelting's Anesthesia and Co-existing Disease, 8th edition. Elsevier.
- 3. John Butterworth, David Mackey, John Wasnick, 2022. Morgan and Mikhail's Clinical Anesthesiology, 7th edition. Lange.
- 4. David Chestnut, 2019. Chestnut's Obstetrics Anesthesia: Principles and Practice, 6th edition. Elsevier.
- 5. David M. Gaba, 2014. Crisis Management in Anesthesiology, 2nd edition. Elsevier.
- 6. Admir Hadzic, 2017. Hadzic's Textbook of Regional Anesthesia and Acute Pain Management. 2nd edition. McGraw Hill.
- 7. Charles J. Cote & Jerrold Lerman & Brian Anderson, 2018. A Practice of Anesthesia for Infants and Children, 6th edition. Elsevier.
- 8. Peter Davis, Franklyn Cladis, 2021. Smith's Anesthesia for Infants and Children. 10th edition. Elsevier.
- 9. CBAHI National standards, anesthesia essential safety requirements. The Saudi Central Board for Accreditation of Healthcare Institutions (CBAHI).

### **Crash Courses:**

Outline of each course including suggested reading references given by the provider.

### Note:

This list is intended for use as a study aid only. SCFHS does not intend the list to imply endorsement of these specific references, nor are the exam questions necessarily taken solely from these sources.

